

# Nonconforming Product

## **Vidya Gopal**

Consumer Safety Officer

Postmarket and Consumer Branch

Division of Industry and Consumer Education

Office of Communication and Education

Center for Devices and Radiological Health

U.S. Food and Drug Administration

# Nonconformances: Why Are They Important?

Opportunity for Continuous improvement

- Learn from Mistakes
- Product longevity
- Increased market share
- Better, safer, more effective product

# Learning Objectives

1. Understand context of nonconformances within:
  - Overall Quality System and
  - Corrective and Preventive Action (CAPA) subsystem
2. Define nonconforming product
3. Explain the process flow
4. Learn how nonconforming product disposition contributes to quality and safety

# What is the CAPA Subsystem?

- One of the seven Quality System subsystems
- Corrective and Preventive Action (CAPA) Subsystem

Parts of CAPA Subsystem	Regulation Number (21 CFR)	General Applicability
<b>Nonconforming Product</b>	<b>820.90</b>	<b>Manufacturing</b>
Corrective and Preventive Action	829.100	Manufacturing and After Distribution
Complaint Files	820.198	After Distribution

# Definitions (21 CFR 820.3)

- **Specification**

any requirement with which a product, process, service, or other activity must conform [\[21 CFR 820.3\(y\)\]](#)

- **Product**

components, manufacturing materials, in-process devices, finished devices, and returned devices [\[21 CFR 820.3\(r\)\]](#)

- **Nonconformity**

the nonfulfillment of a specified requirement [\[21 CFR 820.3\(q\)\]](#)

# Nonconformances

- Nonconforming Product is product that does not fulfill its specified requirements
- Nonconformances can occur in both product and process
- Nonconforming **processes** can lead to nonconforming **product**.

# Nonconforming Product - Regulation

21 CFR 820.90(a)

“Each manufacturer shall establish and maintain procedures to **control product that does not conform to specified requirements....**”

# Nonconforming Product - Regulation

21 CFR 820.90(a)

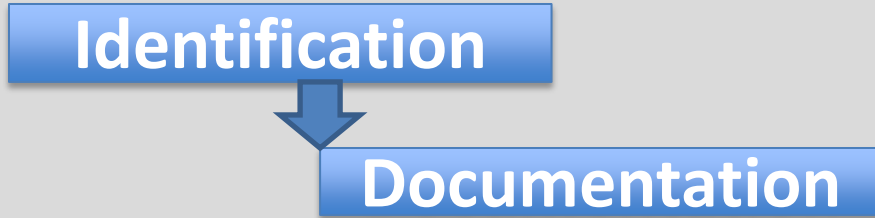
**“...The procedures shall address the identification, documentation, evaluation, segregation, and disposition of nonconforming product.”**



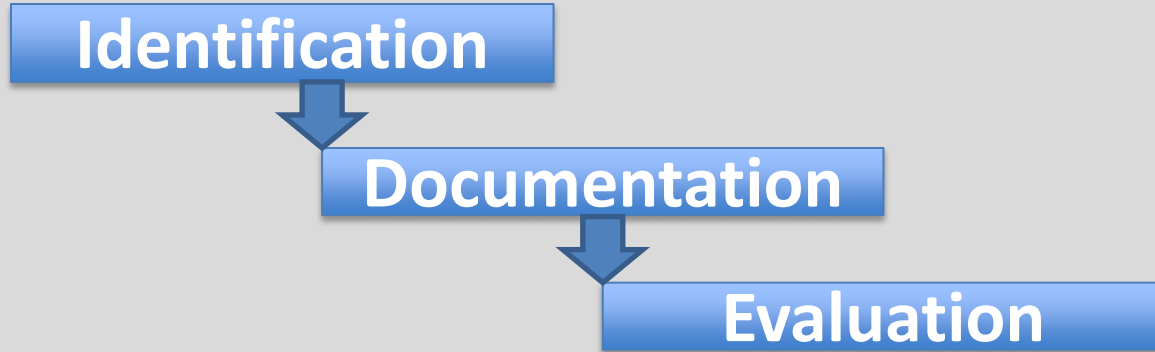
# Process Flow

Identification

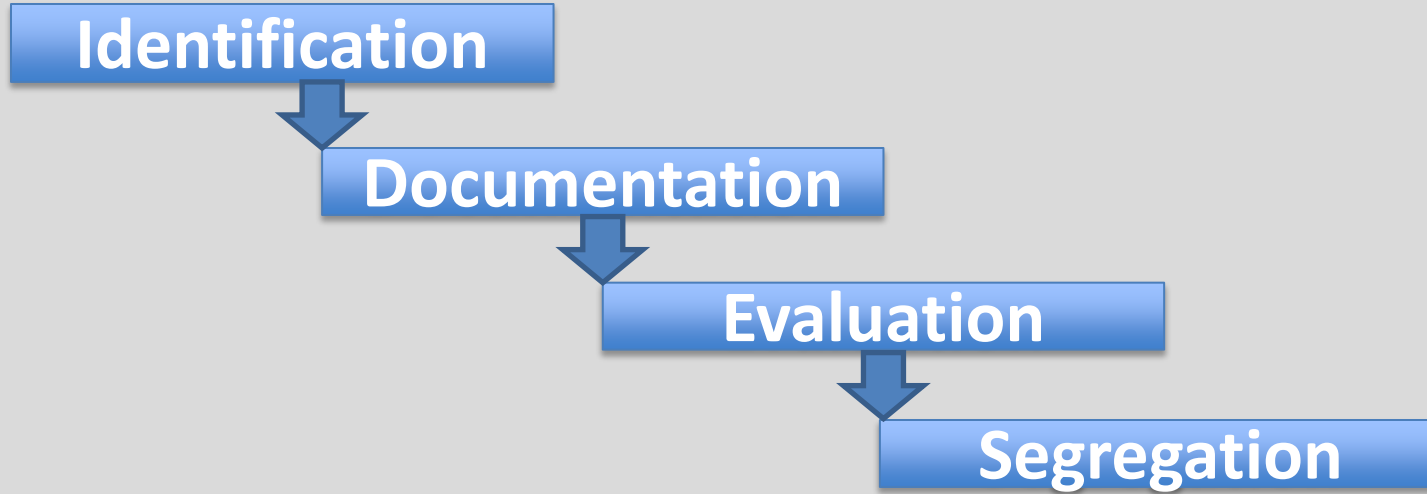
# Process Flow



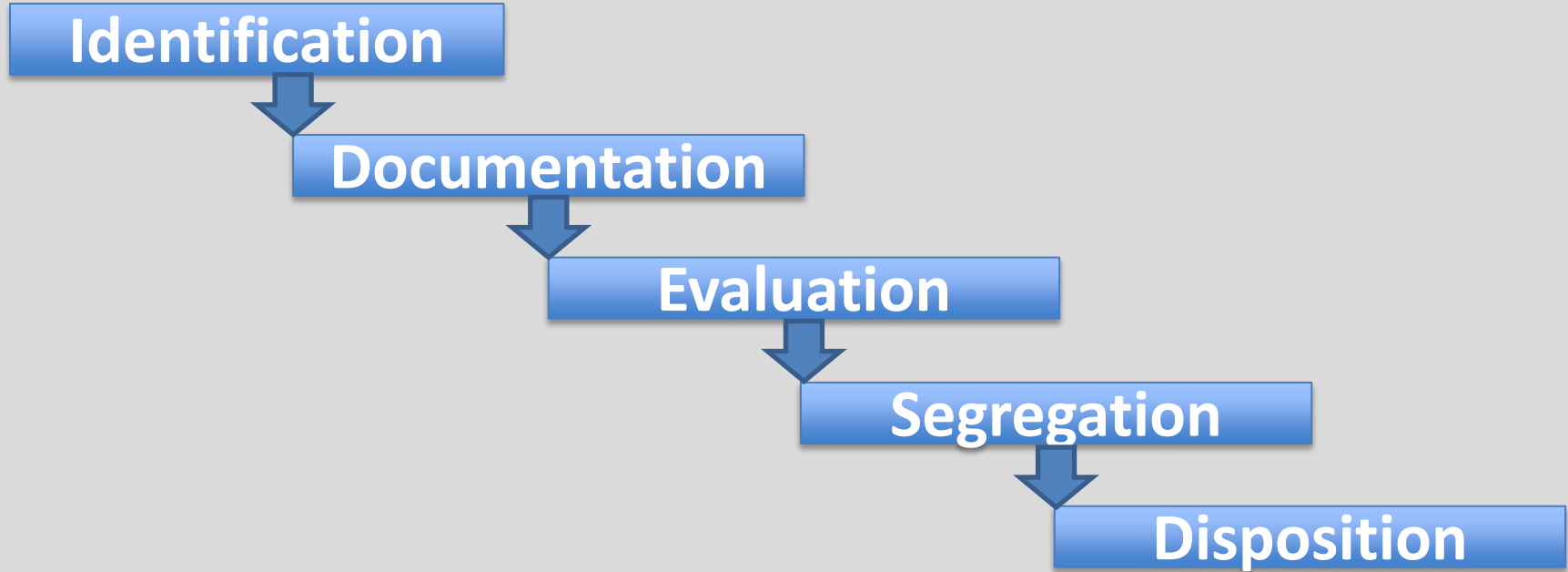
# Process Flow



# Process Flow



# Process Flow



# Process Flow

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Identification

# Sources of Nonconforming Product

- Received components/material that fail incoming inspection
- Example
  - Specification: 6 +/- 1 inch
  - Inspection result: 8 inch
  - This is nonconforming **product**

# Sources of Nonconforming Product

- Products/components that fail inspection or test during manufacturing
- Example
  - Temperature range:  $300 \pm 10^{\circ}$  F
  - Temperature set on bonding machine:  $280^{\circ}$  F
  - This is nonconforming **process**:
    - You need to evaluate the **product** to determine if it's within specification.



# Sources of Nonconforming Product

- Product returned to manufacturer with defects
  - Example
    - If a catheter is supposed to fit inside a 6 French guide and during procedure it does not fit.
    - Handled within the complaint system\*
- \*not within the scope of this talk

# Industry Practice: Example

- Nonconformances and Nonconforming reports (NCR) have to be evaluated.
- One practice is through
  - Material Review Board (MRB) or
  - Material Review Committee (MRC)
- Not ad hoc, but in an approved procedure

# Process Flow

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**Documentation**

# Documentation - Industry Practice Example

- Form that identifies the material, the problem, evaluation, segregation, the investigation (if any), disposition and signatures
- Standard operating procedure (SOP)
- Work Instruction (WI)

# Process Flow

A blue rectangular button with a gradient and a drop shadow, containing the word "Evaluation" in white text.

**Evaluation**

# Evaluation of Nonconforming Product

21 CFR 820.90(a)

... The evaluation of nonconformance shall include a **determination of the need for an investigation and notification of the persons or organizations responsible** for the nonconformance. The evaluation and any investigation shall be documented.

# Evaluation of Nonconforming Product

21 CFR 820.90(a)

Investigations are **Not Always** required

- when an investigation has **already** been performed on a similar issue\*

\*Similar issue may not require investigation, but may require CAPA due to **recurrence**.

# Process Flow

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**Segregation**



# Segregation of Nonconforming Product

- You must segregate non-conforming product to ensure it is not released.
- Examples
  - Locked Cages
  - Digital Controls
  - Separate Area

# Process Flow

**Disposition**

# Disposition

21 CFR 820.90(b)(1)

Each manufacturer shall establish and maintain procedures that **define the responsibility for review and the authority for the disposition of nonconforming product**. The procedures shall set forth the review and disposition process.

# Typical Nonconforming Product Dispositions

- Scrap
  - where you decide not to use the product
  - destroy

# Typical Nonconforming Product Dispositions

- Return to Supplier
  - When the reason for the nonconformance is the supplier

# Typical Nonconforming Product Dispositions

- Downgrade
  - Reverting back to a safe and effective older version when there is a problem with an upgrade

# Typical Nonconforming Product Dispositions

- Use as Is
  - Use the Nonconformance as is when it does not affect the safety and effectiveness of the final product
  - Example: Cosmetic defects that does not affect the performance of the product

# Disposition

## 21 CFR 820.90(b)(1)

Disposition of nonconforming product shall be documented. **Documentation shall include the justification for use of nonconforming product** and the signature of the individual authorizing the use.



# Typical Nonconforming Product Dispositions

“... FDA believes that the **justification** should be based on **scientific evidence**, which a manufacturer should be prepared to provide upon request. **Concessions** should be closely **monitored** and not become accepted practice”

Per preamble comment #156

# Typical Nonconforming Product Dispositions

- Use as Is
  - Example
    - Cosmetic defect: refer recurring defect to CAPA.

# Typical Nonconforming Product Dispositions

- Rework
  - Example
    - Product with unsealed pouches at final acceptance testing
      - Open NCR
        - Correction is Re-sterilize
          - Retest

# Rework

21 CFR 820.90(b)(2)

Each manufacturer shall **establish and maintain procedures for rework**, to include retesting and reevaluation of the nonconforming product after rework, **to ensure that the product meets its current approved specifications.**

# Typical Nonconforming Product Dispositions

- Rework
  - Example
  - Balloon burst strength of re-sterilized product needs to meet the original specification

# Rework

## 21 CFR 820.90(b)(2)

Rework and reevaluation activities, including a determination of any adverse effect from the rework upon the product, shall be **documented in the DHR** [Device History Record].

# When to Handle and When to Refer



## When should a Nonconformance be:

1. handled under 21 CFR 820.90? or
2. referred to the CAPA System under 21 CFR 820.100?

# Examples of Nonconformances Handled under 820.90

- Easy/specific correction
- Isolated
- Minor
- Not a Design issue
- Not a Manufacturing issue



# Examples of Nonconformances Handled under CAPA

- No easy/specific correction
- Recurring (based on valid analytical method)
- Severe
- Design issue
- Manufacturing issue

# Balance is Key

- Too many nonconformances handled under 21 CFR 820.90 may **fail** to address **systemic** issues.
  - Generally simple, specific, contained issues
- Too many nonconformances referred to CAPA will **overwhelm** the system.
  - Generally more complex, ambiguous, systemic issues

# QS Regulation and Guidance

- **Quality System Regulation and Preamble**

[www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfcfr/CFRSearch.cfm?CFRPart=820&showFR=1](http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfcfr/CFRSearch.cfm?CFRPart=820&showFR=1)

[www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/DeviceRegulationandGuidance/PostmarketRequirements/QualitySystemsRegulations/ucm230127.htm](http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/DeviceRegulationandGuidance/PostmarketRequirements/QualitySystemsRegulations/ucm230127.htm)

- **Inspection Guide – Nonconforming Product**

<https://www.fda.gov/ICECI/Inspections/InspectionGuides/ucm114934.htm>

- **Guide to Inspections of Quality Systems [Quality System Inspection Technique (QSIT)]**

[www.fda.gov/iceci/inspections/inspectionguides/ucm074883.htm](http://www.fda.gov/iceci/inspections/inspectionguides/ucm074883.htm)

# Call to Action

1. Use your nonconformance system to “Learn from mistakes”. They can impact:
  - Quality
  - Design
  - Manufacturing
2. Nonconformances are a gateway mechanism for CAPA and Postmarket activities
3. A robust nonconformance system can improve Quality and Safety

# Industry Education: Three Resources for You

## 1. CDRH Learn: Multi-Media Industry Education

- over 125 modules
- videos, audio recordings, power point presentations, software-based “how to” modules
- mobile-friendly: access CDRH Learn on your portable devices

[www.fda.gov/Training/CDRHLearn](http://www.fda.gov/Training/CDRHLearn)

## 2. Device Advice: Text-Based Education

- comprehensive regulatory information on premarket and postmarket topics

[www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/DeviceAdvice](http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/DeviceAdvice)

## 3. Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE)

- Contact DICE if you have a question
- Email: [DICE@fda.hhs.gov](mailto:DICE@fda.hhs.gov)
- Phone: 1(800) 638-2041 or (301) 796-7100 (Hours: 9 am-12:30 pm; 1 pm-4:30pm EST)
- Web: [www.fda.gov/DICE](http://www.fda.gov/DICE)

