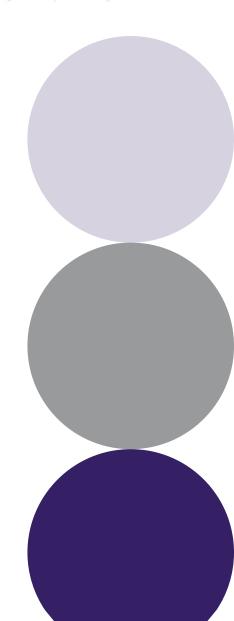


AAO Presentation on Access to Compounded Drugs for Office-Use

David Glasser, MD Secretary for Federal Affairs American Academy of Ophthalmology



Overview

 Access to compounded and repackaged drugs is vital to ensuring ophthalmologists can provide quality and effective care to our patients.

 The Academy has concerns regarding the ability of outsourcing facilities to meet ALL ophthalmology needs for compounded drugs for office-use.

 Small-batch compounded antivirals and antibiotics remain unavailable through 503B outsourcing facilities.



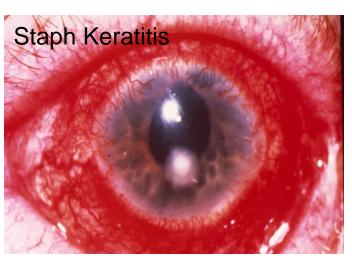
- Importance of Office-Use Access
 - Ophthalmologists rely on access to compounded drugs for office-use to treat our patients.
 - Immediate access is critical when patients come into office with urgent care needs, such as emergent infections of the eye
 - Delay in treatment, even by a few hours, can result in permanent vision loss for a patient
 - In other cases, such as the treatment of AMD, ophthalmologists need to have drugs on hand because they will not know if a patient needs treatment until an examination is performed



Specific Drugs Unavailable

- Antibiotics for bacterial keratitis, endophthalmitis
 - Cefazolin
 - Gentamycin
 - Tobramycin
- Antimicrobial for acanthamoeba keratitis: PHMB
- Antiviral for viral keratitis, retinitis: Ganciclovir











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Access Barriers

- The Academy has been told by 503B facilities that produce ophthalmology products that financial considerations are a key barrier to availability of compounded drugs ordered in low-volume
- Based on our outreach, it does not appear that the revised CGMP guidance has changed this sentiment.
- The Academy appreciates FDA's efforts to craft policy that encourages outsourcing facilities to make low-volume drugs available through more flexible testing requirements.
- Unfortunately, new policy does not appear to have fixed the issue and many ophthalmic drugs remain unavailable for office-use.





Alternative Policy

 The Academy urges the FDA to allow for 503A traditional compounding pharmacies to fill low-volume orders of drugs unavailable from 503B outsourcing facilities for office-use.

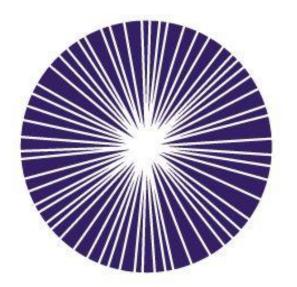
The FDA could put a quantity limit on these orders.





- In response to 2018 Biologics Guidance, 503B facilities have needed to change operations to align with USP 789.
 - Only one currently available syringe type allows facilities to meet standards during testing
- This has caused issues with supply and impacted physician access to repackaged Avastin.
- AAO has been working with outsourcing facilities to address this issue in a timely manner.





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