

Genomic Analysis of Nontuberculous Mycobacteria (NTM)



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NTM – Increasing Prevalence



Adjemian J, Olivier KN, Seitz AE, Holland SM, Prevots DR. Prevalence of nontuberculous mycobacterial lung disease in U.S. Medicare beneficiaries. *Am J Respir Crit Care Med* 2012;185:881-6.



Increasing Incidence of Nontuberculous Mycobacteria, Taiwan, 2000–2008 Chih-Cheng Lai, Che-Kim Tan, Chien-Hong Chou, Hsiao-Leng Hsu, Chun-Hsing Liao, Yu-Tsung Huang, Chuan-Liang Kao, Kwen-Tay Luh, and Po-Ren Hsueh. Emerging Infectious Diseases



Genomic and Computational Approaches to Nontuberculous myocobacteria





Host-Pathogen-Environment Interactions







Human – Pathogen

Interactions





Pathogen





Next Generation Sequencing



PacBio



Illumina MiSeq and HiSeq



Life Technologies Ion and Proton



454



Ion Sequencing Chip

Next Generation sequencing enables the rapid and robust sequencing of whole bacterial genomes. 5



Genomic Analysis Pipeline





NTM Phylogenomics – based on whole genome sequence polymorphisms



Phylogenomics of Brazilian epidemic isolates of Mycobacterium abscessus subsp. bolletii reveals relationships of global outbreak strains. **Davidson RM, Hasan NA**, de Moura VC, Duarte RS, Jackson M, **Strong M.** Infection Genetics and Evolution Sep 18;20C:292-297. 2013



Genomic Comparisons



Genome sequencing of *Mycobacterium abscessus* isolates from patients in the United States and comparisons to globally diverse clinical strains.

Rebecca M. Davidson, Nabeeh A. Hasan, Paul R. Reynolds, Sarah Totten, Benjamin Garcia, Adrah Levin, Preveen Ramamoorthy, Leonid Heifets, **Charles L. Daley**, and **Michael Strong**. *Journal of Clinical Microbiology*, (2014).



NTM Whole Genome Sequencing vs. Other Genotyping Methods

In cases of limited genomic diversity among species (as appears to be the case for *M. chimaera*), WGS will enable much more precise and accurate comparisons, where other methods would not provide adequate resolution.

Other typing approaches: MLST – Multilocus sequence typing, PFGE- pulse field gel electrophoresis, VNTR – Variable Number Tandem Repeat, RAPD – Randomly Amplified polymorphic genotyping, Rep-PCR – repetitive sequence PCR, MST - multispacer sequence typing *M. chimaera*





2 tiered phylogenomic comparison of *M. chimaera*

Phylogenomic Comparison between select *M. chimaera* (n=19) and MAC isolates (n=3).

IrelandN01 (clinical sample, Ireland, not heater/cooler associated) TX194 (clinical sample, Texas, not heater/cooler associated) AH11 (clinical sample, Hawaii, not heater/cooler associated) TX173 (clinical sample, Texas, not heater/cooler associated) IrelandL01 (clinical sample, Ireland, not heater/cooler associated) Isolate from Water from Heater/Cooler Device, Location A Isolate from Patient 1, Location A (heater/cooler study) Isolate from Patient 2, Location A (heater/cooler study) IrelandM01 (clinical sample, not heater/cooler associated) Oxford602 (clinical sample, Oxford, not heater/cooler associated) Oxford667 (clinical sample, Oxford, not heater/cooler associated) Oxford664 (clinical sample, Oxford, not heater/cooler associated) 103 (environmental sample, Hawaii, not heater/cooler associated) AH5 (clinical sample, Hawaii, not heater/cooler associated) 102 (environmental sample, Hawaii, not heater/cooler associated) 123 (environmental sample, Hawaii, not heater/cooler associated) TX200 (clinical sample, Texas, not heater/cooler associated) AH16 (clinical sample, Hawaii, not heater/cooler associated) AH10 (clinical sample, Hawaii, not heater/cooler associated) M. vongonense 05-1390 M. intracellulare ATCC 13950 M. sp. MOTT 36Y

4444 SNPs



2 tiered phylogenomic comparison of *M. chimaera*





Genomic Relatedness of Strains

	Mean SNPs	Ν
Within Heater/Cooler Study (HC) <i>M. chimaera</i>	2.67	3
Between HC and non-HC <i>M. chimaera</i>	867	48



Perform Whole Genome Sequencing (WGS) and compare sequence information from *M. chimaera* isolates in the US, Canada, and Europe, including environmental, hospital, patient, and non-related strains (to assess genomic diversity, refine genomic interpretation, and identify putative markers)

We at National Jewish Health welcome referral of clinical and environmental isolates of NTM, specifically *M. chimaera*, to populate this project and further aid the FDA and CDC to get to the bottom of this public health issue