

## **Vaccines and Related Biological Products Advisory Committee Meeting**

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# DoD Influenza Surveillance and Mid-Season Vaccine Effectiveness

Armed Forces Health Surveillance Division (AFHSD)

Naval Health Research Center (NHRC)

Naval Medical Research Center (NMRC)

United States Air Force School of Aerospace Medicine (USAFSAM)

DoD Global Respiratory Pathogen Surveillance Program Partners

Presentation to the Vaccines and Related Biological Products Advisory  
Committee (VRBPAC) – 3 March 2022

**LCDR Courtney Gustin, DrPH, MSN\*\***

\*\*Representing the DoD CONUS and OCONUS lab-based influenza surveillance activities

# Briefing Outline

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**Purpose:** Provide an update to the VRBPAC on DoD influenza surveillance activities for 2022 -2022

1. Program Description
2. DoD Influenza Subtype Circulation
3. Antigenic Characterization
4. Vaccine Effectiveness in US Service Members
5. Vaccine Strain Recommendations



# Breadth of DoD Influenza Surveillance

- **Global Influenza Surveillance**
  - Approximately 400 locations in over 30 countries
    - ✓ Military; local government/academic
  - Extensive characterization capabilities within the DoD
    - ✓ Culture, PCR, sequencing, serology
  - Rapid sharing of results with CDC and/or regional WHO reference centers
    - ✓ Yearly average: ~30,000 samples collected and analyzed each year
- **Comprehensive Epidemiology and Analysis Capabilities**
  - 1.33 Million Active Duty records (health care utilization, immunizations, deployment, reportable diseases, etc.)
    - ✓ Produce Medical Surveillance Monthly Report (MSMR), ad-hoc requests, studies/analyses,
    - ✓ Weekly influenza reports
    - ✓ Vaccine safety and effectiveness studies



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# GEIS-Supported Influenza Surveillance Footprint



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# DoD Influenza Subtype Circulation



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# DoD Influenza Subtype Circulation

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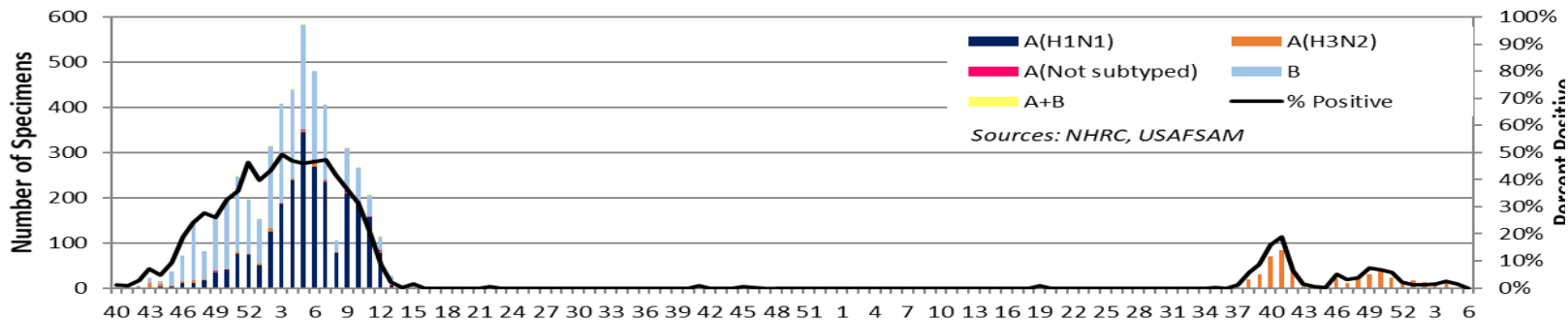
- **Common themes for the 2021-2022 season**
  - ALL laboratories and nations continued to be affected by the **SARS-CoV-2 pandemic**
  - Concurrent testing and assay validation for SARS-CoV-2 and influenza
  - While surveillance estimates for DoD on the next few slides are lower than usual, influenza was detected in all GCCs (in some places for the first time since the beginning of the pandemic)
- **Region-specific examples**
  - North America: installation-wide influenza A outbreaks
  - Africa: frequent detection of Influenza A Virus (IAV) and Influenza B Virus (IBV), including A(H1N1) in West Africa
  - Southeast Asia: persistent influenza in Nepal



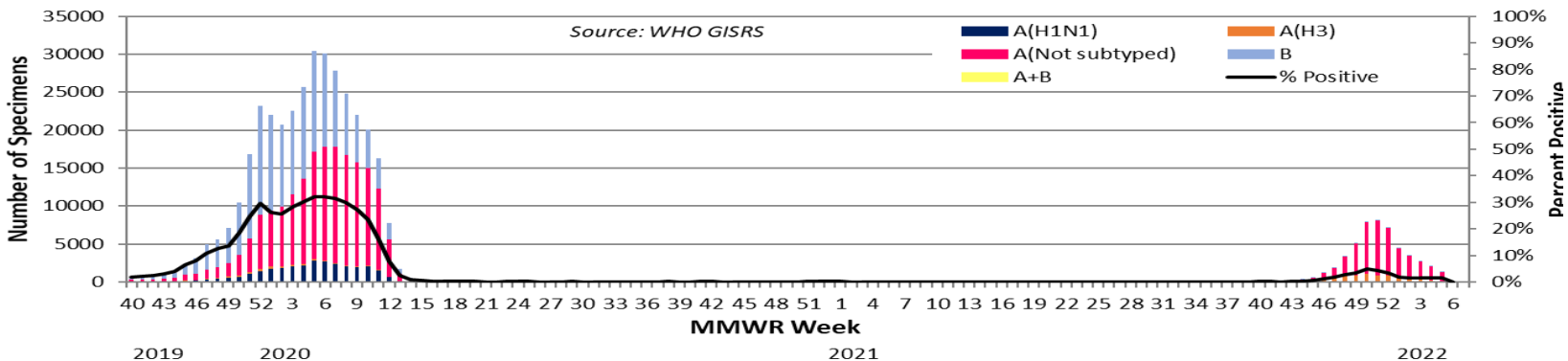
# Subtype Circulation: North America

Number and Proportion of Specimens Positive for Influenza by Subtype

DoD  
Surveillance



WHO  
Surveillance



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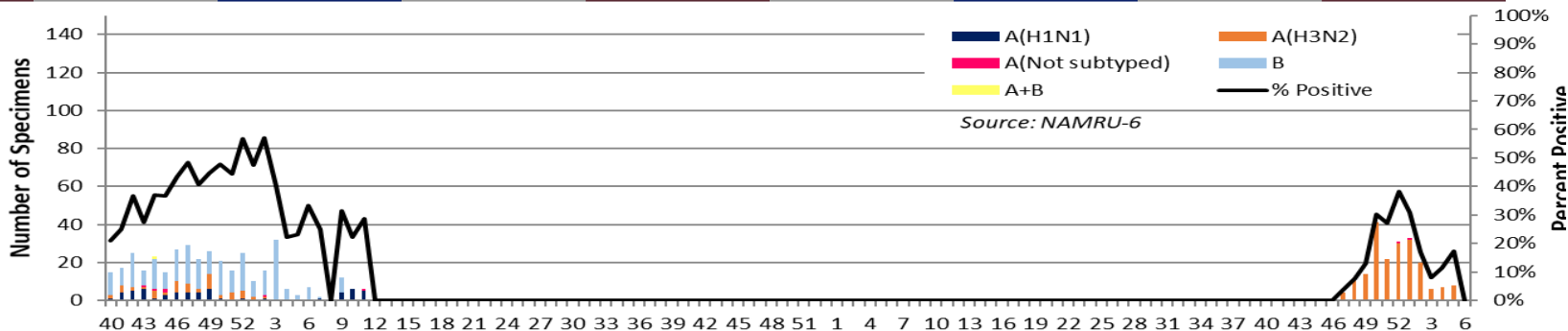




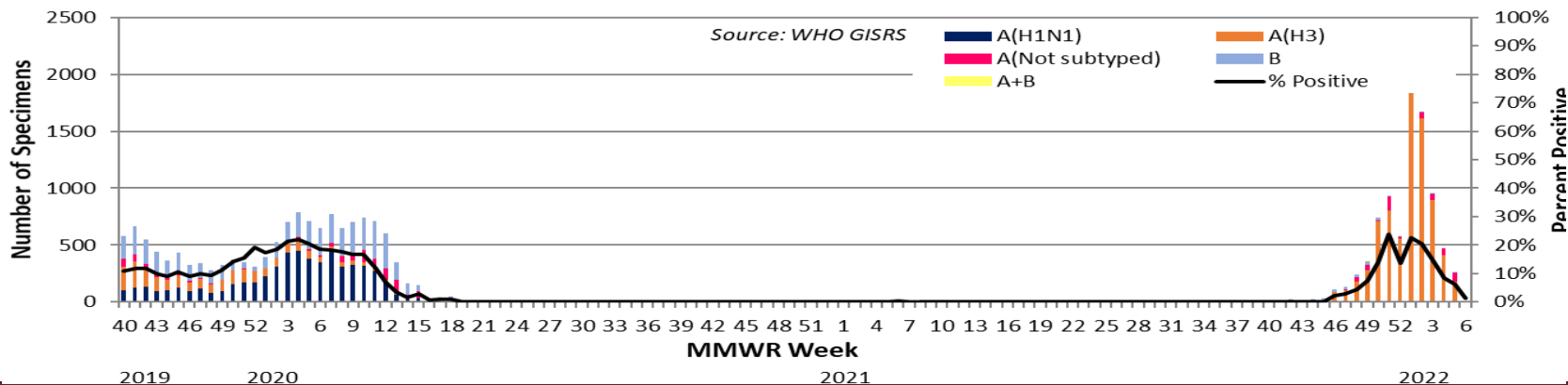
# Subtype Circulation: South America

Number and Proportion of Specimens Positive for Influenza by Subtype

DoD  
Surveillance



WHO  
Surveillance



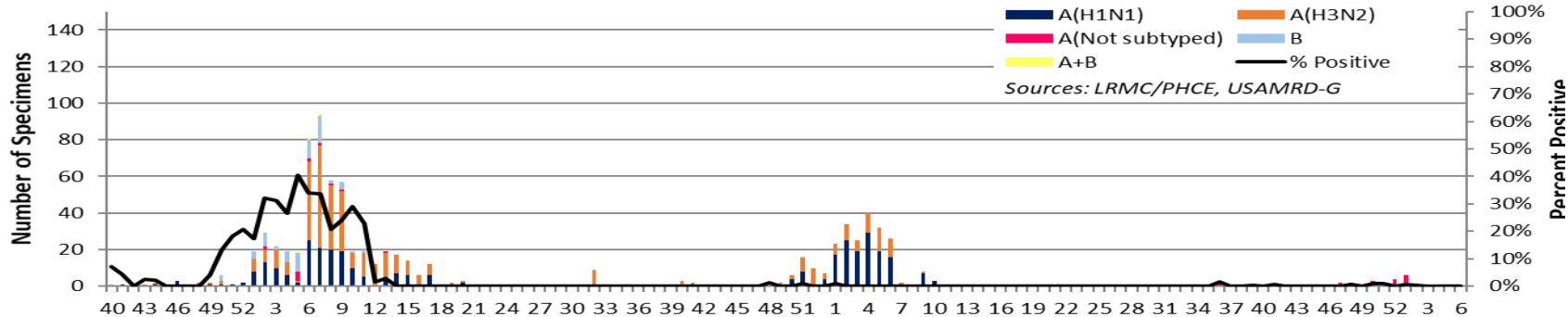
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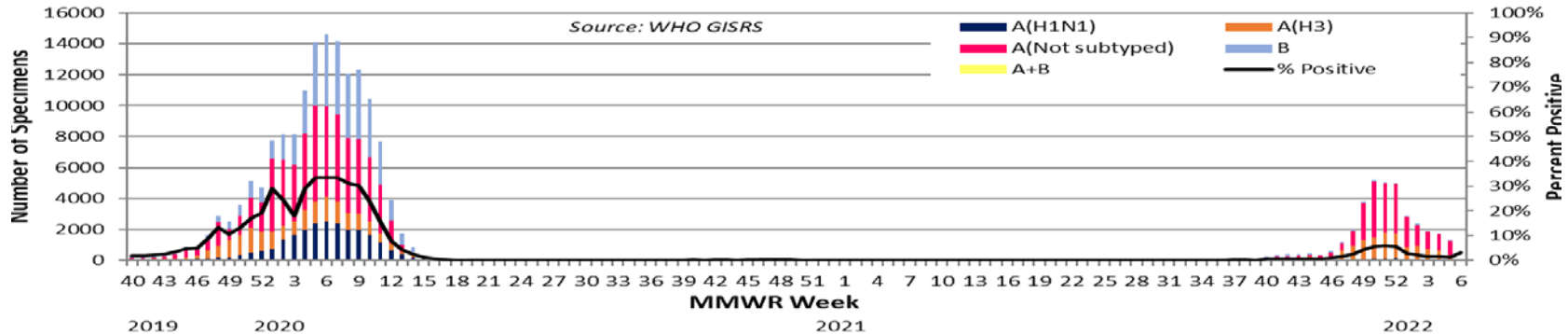
# Subtype Circulation: Europe

Number and Proportion of Specimens Positive for Influenza by Subtype

DoD  
Surveillance



WHO  
Surveillance



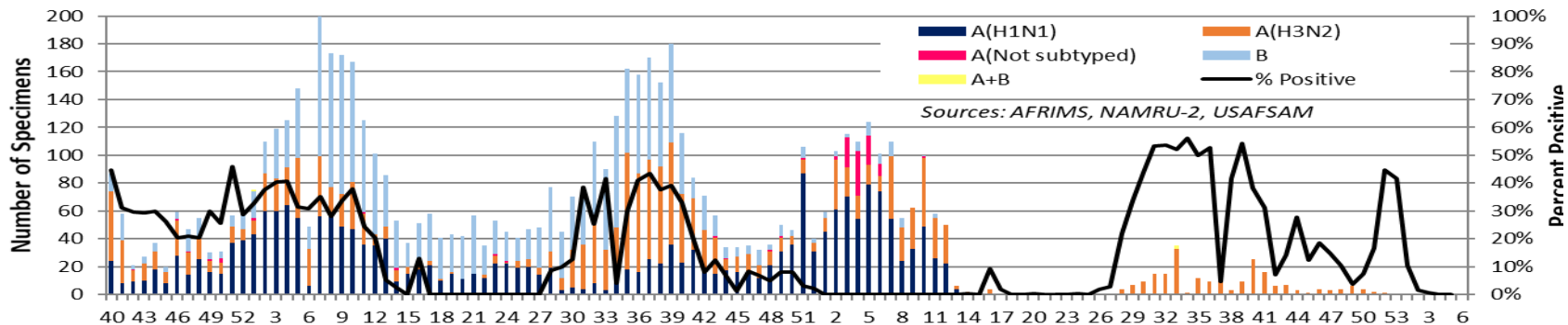
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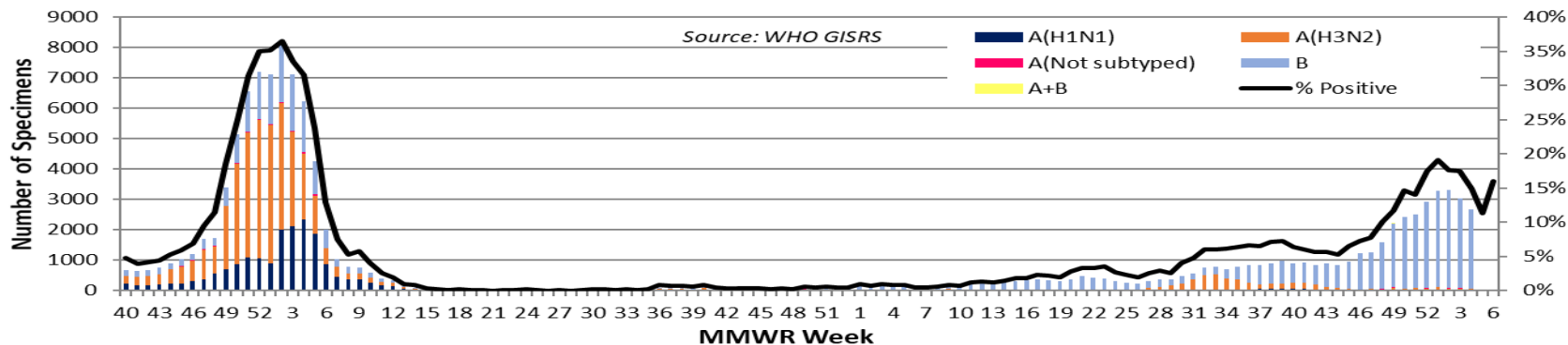
# Subtype Circulation: Asia

Number and Proportion of Specimens Positive for Influenza by Subtype

DoD  
Surveillance



WHO  
Surveillance



2019 2020

2021

2022

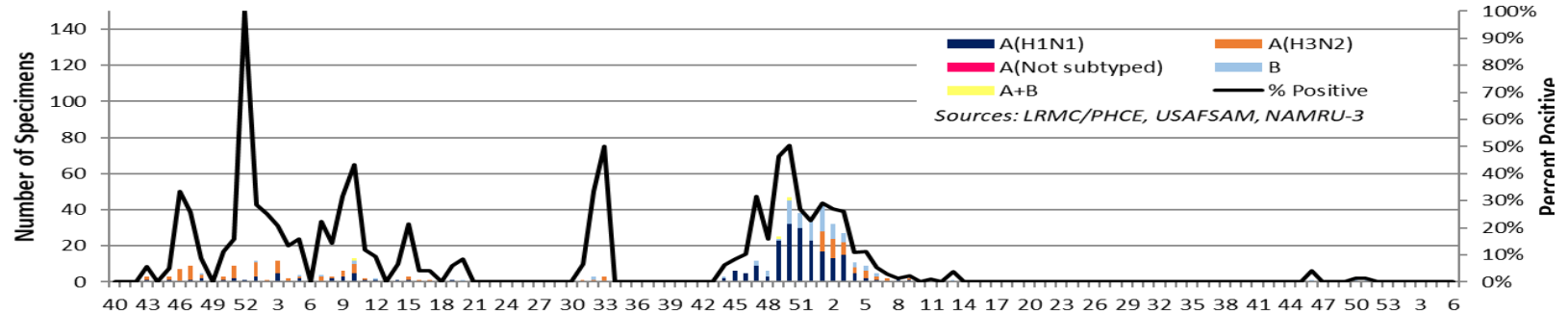
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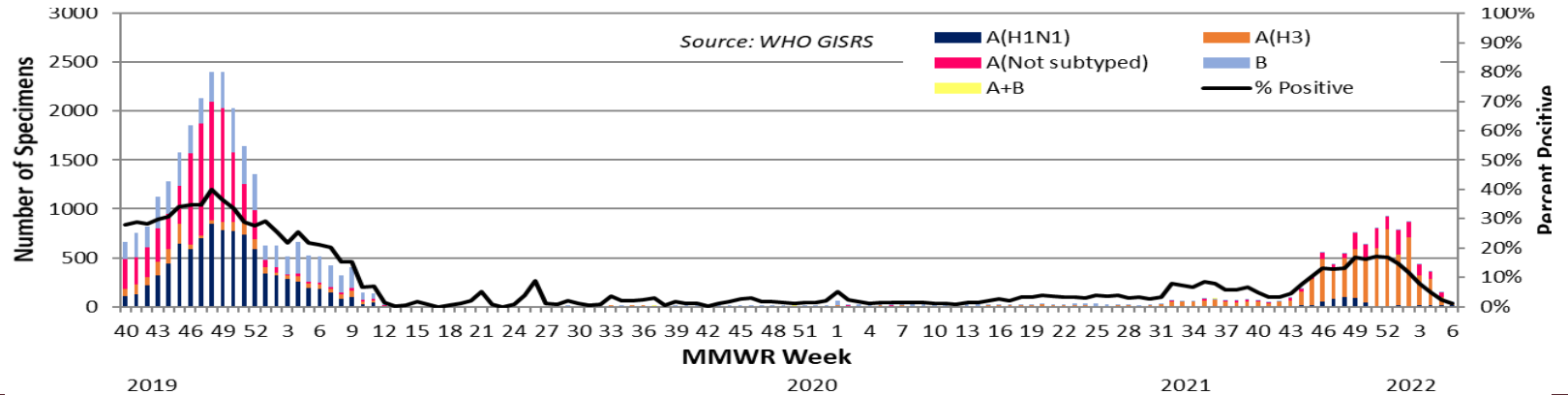
# Subtype Circulation: Middle East

Number and Proportion of Specimens Positive for Influenza by Subtype

DoD  
Surveillance



WHO  
Surveillance



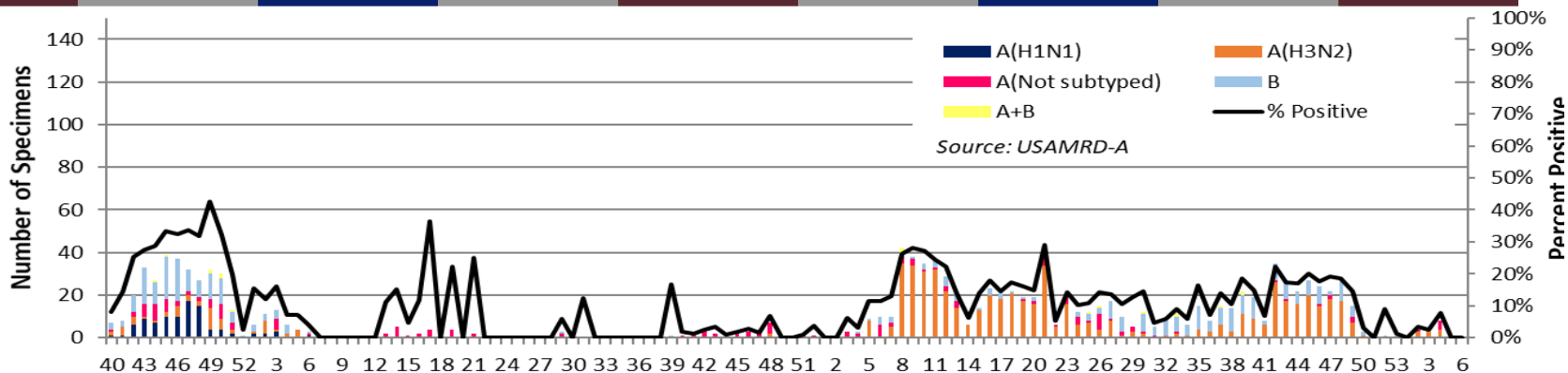
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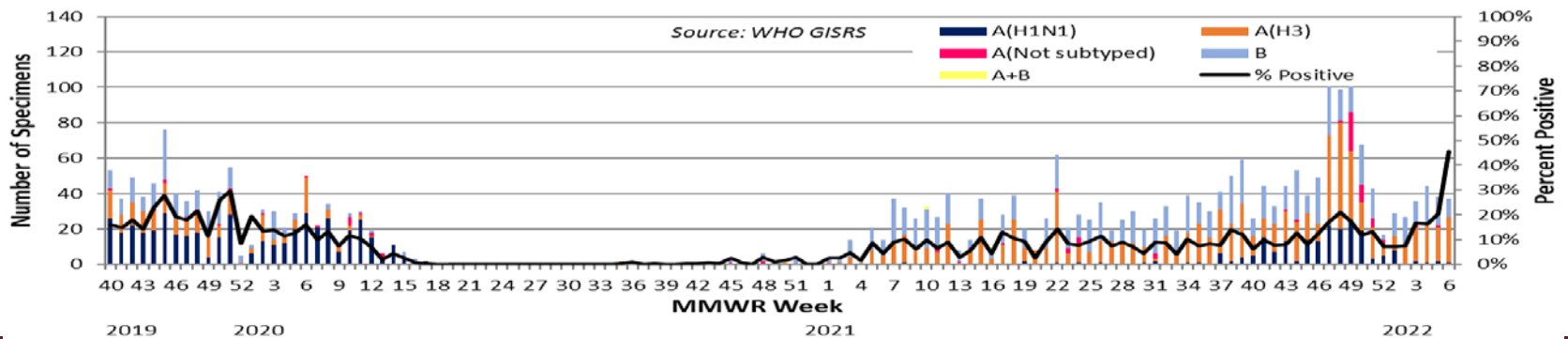
# Subtype Circulation: East Africa

Number and Proportion of Specimens Positive for Influenza by Subtype

DoD  
Surveillance



WHO  
Surveillance



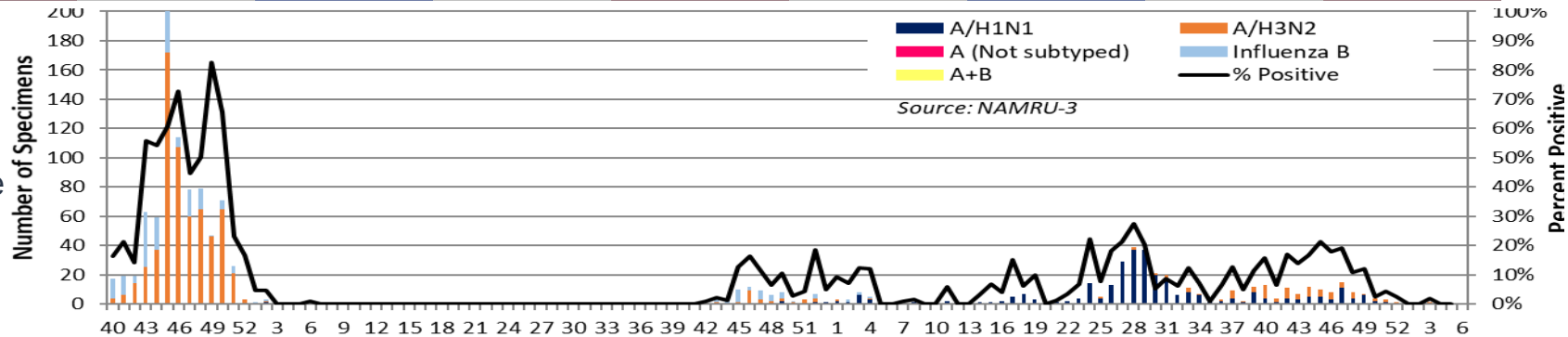
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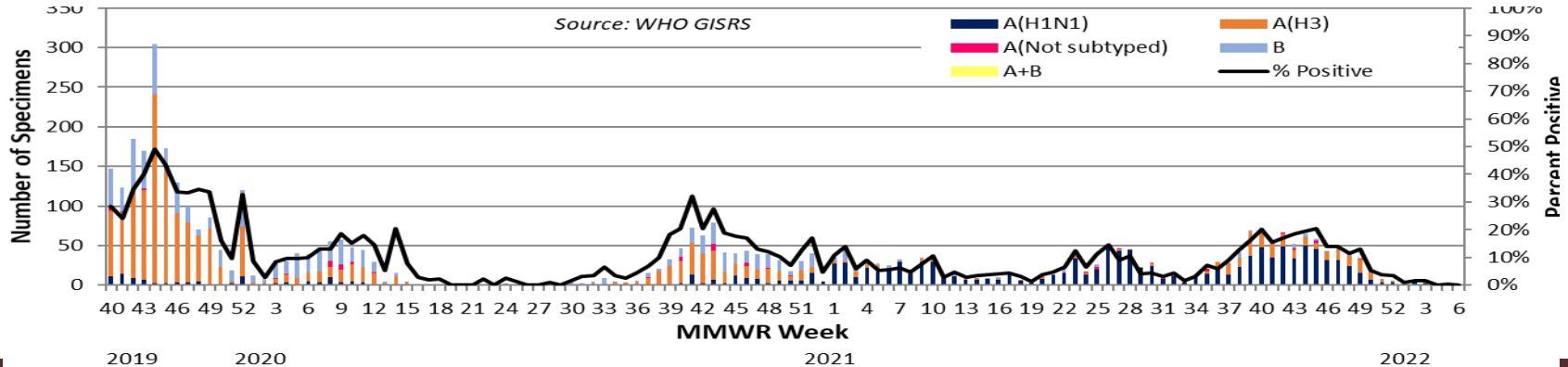
# Subtype Circulation: West Africa (Ghana)

Number and Proportion of Specimens Positive for Influenza by Subtype

DoD  
Surveillance



WHO  
Surveillance



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# High-content Imaging Neutralization Test (HINT) using reference Antisera

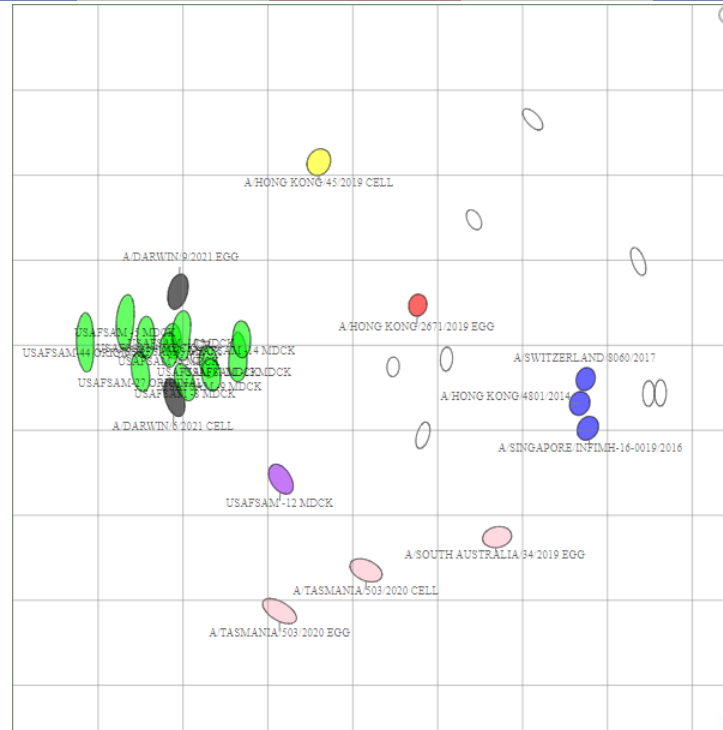
Reference Viruses	Reference Antiserum										subclade	Other substitutions from Darwin/6 and Darwin/9
	A/Tasmania/503/2020 Egg	A/Tasmania/503/2020 Cell	A/Darwin/9/2021 Egg	A/Darwin/6/2021 Cell	A/Hong Kong/2671/2019 Egg	A/Hong Kong/45/2019 Cell	A/South Australia/34/2019 Egg	A/Switzerland/8060/2017	A/Singapore/INFIMH-16-0019/2016	A/Hong Kong/4801/2014		
A/Tasmania/503/2020 Egg	1810	80	640	640	40	40	57	80	113	160		
A/Tasmania/503/2020 Cell	226	1810	320	226	113	226	226	113	160	160		
A/Darwin/9/2021 Egg	160	226	3620	2560	160	160	160	160	80	80		
A/Darwin/6/2021 Cell	226	160	2560	5120	113	80	160	113	113	113		
A/Hong Kong/2671/2019 Egg	1810	905	905	3620	5120	1810	905	452	1280	905		
A/Hong Kong/45/2019 Cell	160	1810	452	320	320	640	160	160	113	160		
A/South Australia/34/2019 Egg	452	452	226	320	160	80	452	320	1280	905		
A/Switzerland/8060/2017	640	640	320	320	320	320	320	5120	5120	5120		
A/Singapore/INFIMH-16-0019/2016	320	640	320	320	320	226	226	640	5120	5120		
A/Hong Kong/4801/2014	320	640	452	320	320	320	320	1280	5120	5120		
test Samples												
USAFSAM-27 Original	160	113	3620	5120	80	80	160	80	80	57	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53G	
USAFSAM-44 Original	113	80	1810	3620	80	80	57	57	40	40	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53G	
USAFSAM-3 MDCK	113	160	5120	5120	160	113	160	113	160	80	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53G	
USAFSAM-4 MDCK	113	113	3620	5120	160	80	160	113	80	57	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53G	D375N
USAFSAM-5 MDCK	80	113	2560	3620	113	80	113	113	57	80	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53G	
USAFSAM-6 MDCK	160	113	5120	5120	113	113	226	160	80	80	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53G	D408G
USAFSAM-7 MDCK	452	452	5120	5120	226	113	160	113	113	113	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53G	
USAFSAM-8 MDCK	226	226	2560	5120	160	113	226	113	113	80	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53G	
USAFSAM-9 MDCK	320	320	3620	5120	160	160	226	113	160	113	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53G	F79L
USAFSAM-10 MDCK	160	160	3620	5120	160	160	226	160	113	80	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53G	
USAFSAM-12 MDCK	640	320	1280	1280	160	160	226	226	160	160	3C.2a1b.2a2	S156H, S205F, A212T
USAFSAM-13 MDCK	320	320	2560	5120	320	160	320	160	160	160	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53N	
USAFSAM-14 MDCK	320	452	3620	5120	452	160	320	160	160	160	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53N	



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# Antigenic Cartography Map Generated using ACMACS Program



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# Antigenic Metadata

Sample #	Collection Month	State/Country	Clade	Notes	Subclade	Other substitutions from Darwin/6 and Darwin/9
27	October	Maryland	3C.2a1b.2a2	D53G/D104G/L157I/S262N/K276R group	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53G	
44	November	South Carolina	3C.2a1b.2a2	D53G/D104G/L157I/S262N/K276R group	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53G	
3	November	Florida	3C.2a1b.2a2	D53G/D104G/L157I/S262N/K276R group	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53G	
4	November	Florida	3C.2a1b.2a2	D53G/D104G/L157I/S262N/K276R group	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53G	D375N
5	November	Florida	3C.2a1b.2a2	D53G/D104G/L157I/S262N/K276R group	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53G	
6	November	Florida	3C.2a1b.2a2	D53G/D104G/L157I/S262N/K276R group	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53G	D408G
7	November	Georgia	3C.2a1b.2a2	D53G/D104G/L157I/S262N/K276R group	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53G	
8	November	Georgia	3C.2a1b.2a2	D53G/D104G/L157I/S262N/K276R group	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53G	
9	November	Georgia	3C.2a1b.2a2	D53G/D104G/L157I/S262N/K276R group	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53G	F79L
10	November	Georgia	3C.2a1b.2a2	D53G/D104G/L157I/S262N/K276R group	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53G	
12	September	Germany	3C.2a1b.2a2		3C.2a1b.2a2	S156H, S205F, A212T
13	October	Germany	3C.2a1b.2a2	D53N/N96S/I192F/N378S group	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53N	
14	October	Germany	3C.2a1b.2a2	D53N/N96S/I192F/N378S group	3C.2a1b.2a2-D53N	



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# Summary of Circulating Subtype 2021-2022 Influenza Season

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- Influenza surveillance has continued during the 2021-2022 season and influenza activity has been detected in all regions after a period of relative inactivity in 2020-2021.
  - **North America: A(H3N2)** has been the dominant type detected
  - **South America:** positivity increased in recent months (**A/H3N2**)
  - **Europe:** low levels of influenza detected
  - **Asia:** moderate influenza driven recently by **A(H3N2)** and **influenza B**
  - **Middle East:** low levels of influenza detected, primarily **influenza A**
  - **East Africa:** moderate influenza with all subtypes detected
  - **West Africa:** primarily detecting influenza A; one of the only regions with **A(H1N1)** circulating



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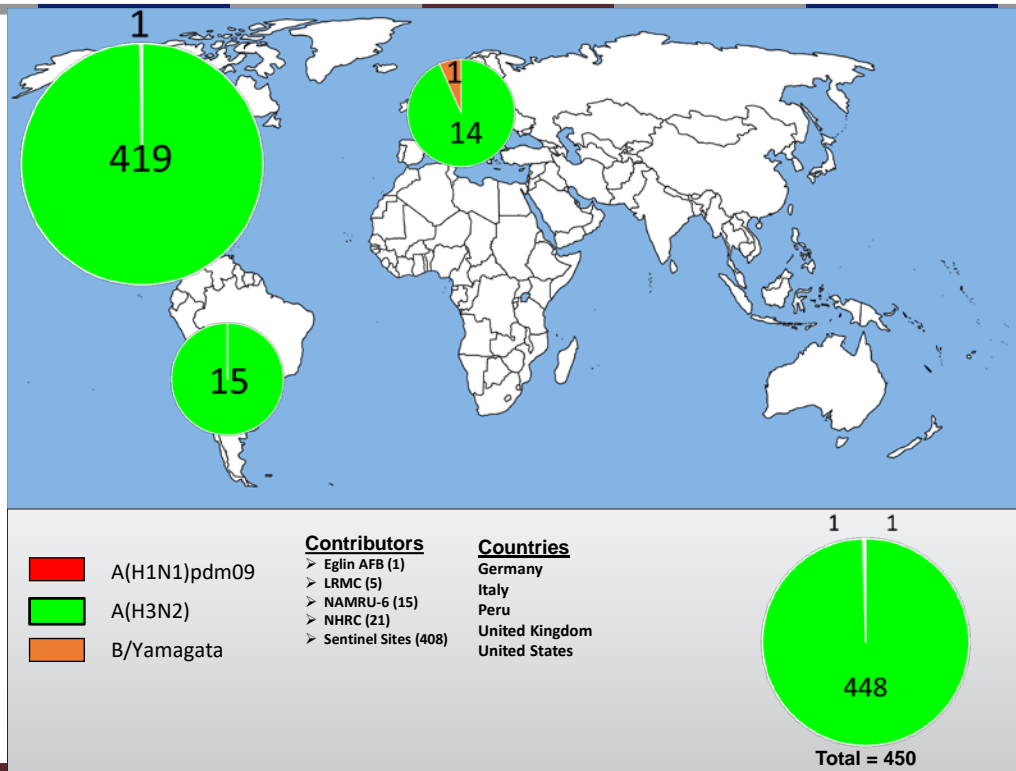
# DoD / USAFSAM Phylogenetic Analysis 2021-2022 Influenza Season



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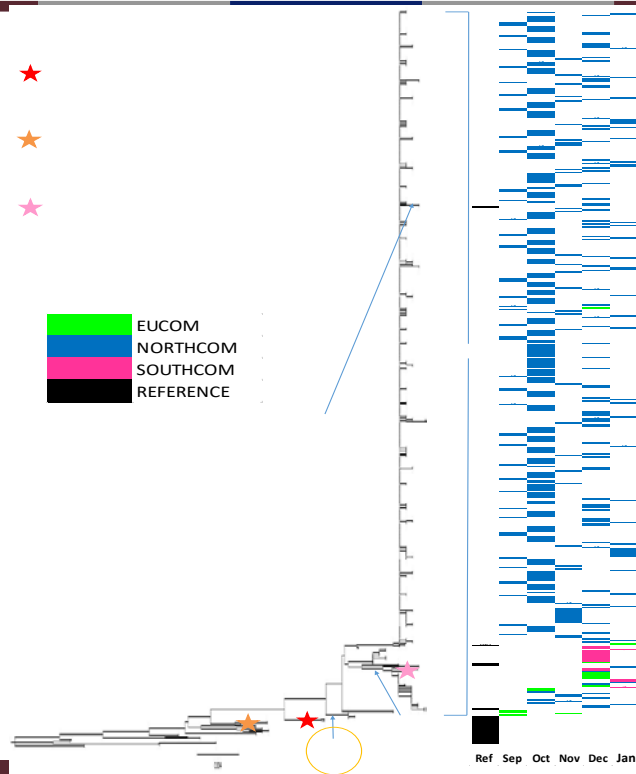
# Geographical Distribution of Influenza Sequences, 2021-2022



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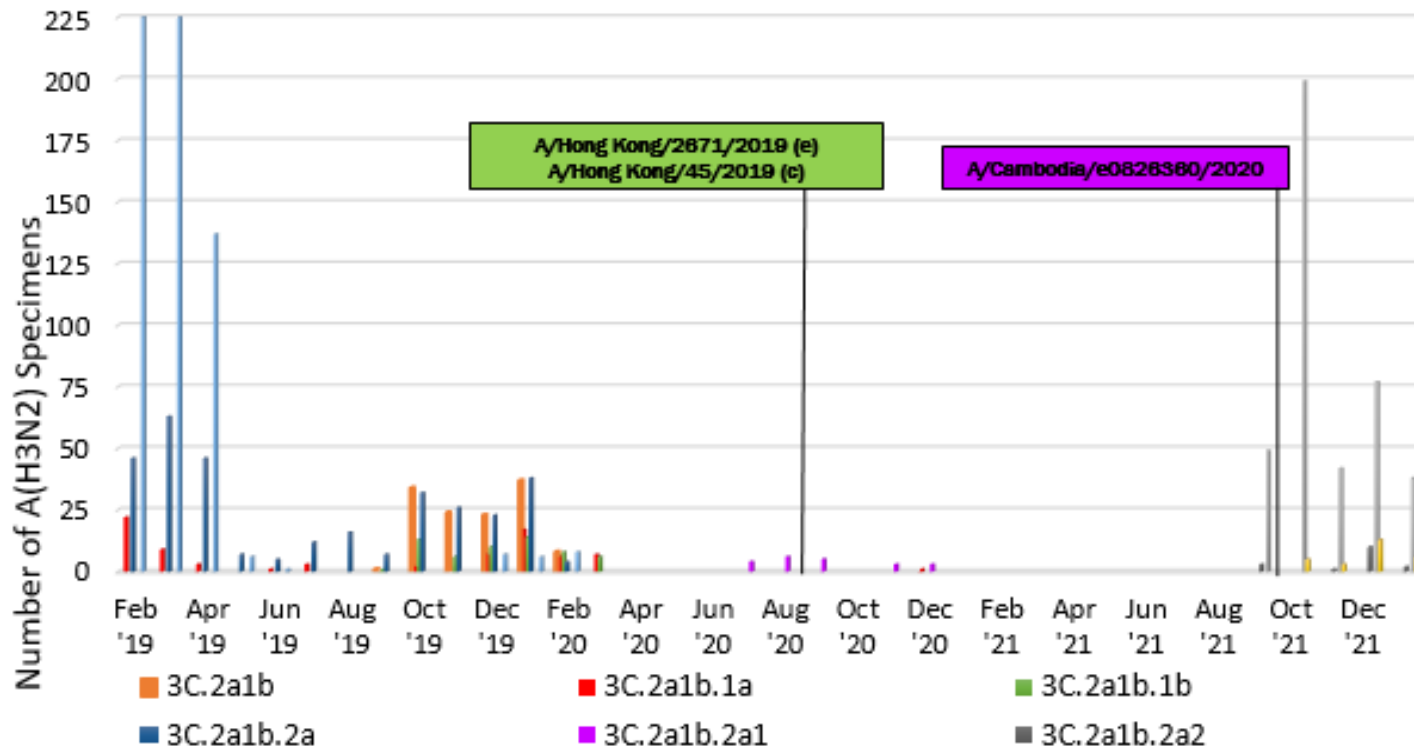
# 2021-2022 A(H3N2) HA Phylogenetic Tree



- 448 influenza A(H3N2) HA sequences
- All in clade 3C.2a1b.2a2
- The majority from NORTHCOM and sharing D53G/D104G/L157I/S262N/K276R
- D53N/N96S/I192F/N378S group mostly from EUROM and SOUTHCOM
- One major addition and two single losses of glycosylation motifs
- 2020-2021 and 2021-2022 NH vaccine strains and 2022 SH vaccine strains indicated on tree by stars
- A/Maryland/02/2021 most closely related reference strain
- Virus with S205F and A212T showed antigenic distinction from reference vaccine viruses



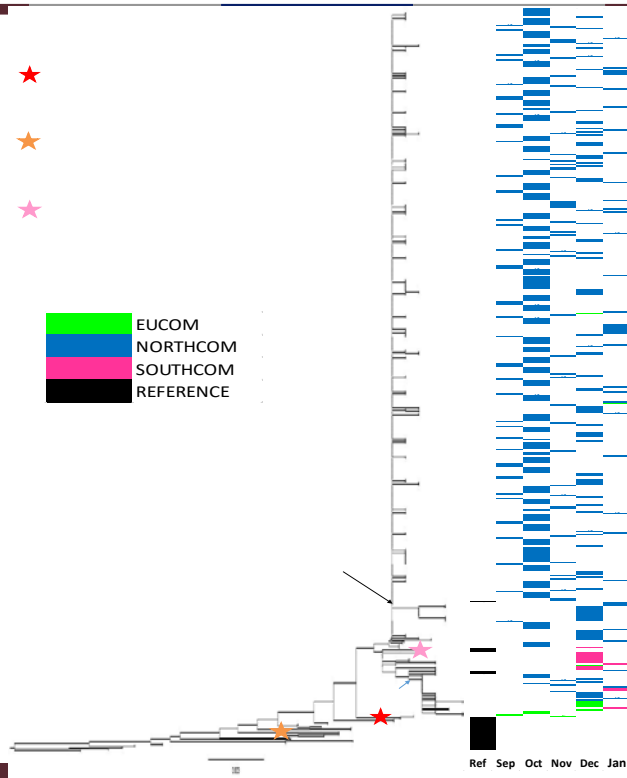
# A(H3N2) HA Clades Feb 2019 – Jan 2021



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# 2021-2022 A(H3N2) NA Phylogenetic Tree



- 428 influenza A(H3N2) NA sequences
- NA phylogenetic tree similar in structure to HA
- Addition of glycosylation motif by S329N
- Again, A/Maryland/02/2021 most closely related reference strain



# Discussion

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- A total of 450 influenza sequences were available for analysis from the DoD, including contributions from LRMC, NHRC, NAMRU-6, and USAFSAM.
- Only one influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 specimen from NORTHCOM was sequenced and was clade 6B.1A-5A.1, the same clade as the 2020-2021 influenza vaccine A(H1N1)pdm09 strain and shares the substitutions R113K and H399N similar to reference virus A/Pennsylvania/02/2021.
- Only one influenza B specimen from EUCOM was sequenced and was a B/Yamagata lineage in clade Y3, the same clade as the 2021-202 influenza vaccine B/Yamagata strain.
- 448 influenza A(H3N2) sequences were analyzed and were all clade 3C.2a1b.2a2, with 6% sharing substitutions D53N/N96S/I192F/N378S and 90% sharing D53G/D104G/L157I/S262N/K276R.
- One HA substitution in the first group, N96S, causes the addition of a glycosylation motif.
- Four sequences (0.9%) that were not in the D53N or D53G groups, shared S205F and A212T. One representative from this group displayed the most antigenic distinction from reference and vaccine strains.





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# Service Member Vaccine Effectiveness Estimates



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# Analysis Overview

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- Mid-year estimates provided by:
  - AFHSD AF Satellite - US Air Force School of Aerospace Medicine (USAFSAM)
  - Naval Health Research Center (NHRC)
  - AFHSD Epidemiology and Analysis Section (E&A)
- Case test-negative control studies used to estimate VE
  - All studies used case test-negative control method
  - Each influenza infection from USAFSAM and NHRC was confirmed by RT-PCR or viral culture; AFHSD also used positive rapid tests (but excluded rapid test negatives)
  - Analyses performed for influenza types and subtypes



# Service Members: Study Design

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- Case / Test-negative control design
- Population: Active component Service Members
  - Army, Navy, Air Force, Marines
  - CONUS and OCONUS
- Time Period: September 1, 2021 – February 12, 2022
- Lab-confirmed flu cases: positive by rapid, RT-PCR, or culture assays
- Test-negative Controls: negative by RT-PCR or culture assays (subjects with negative rapid excluded)
- Models adjusted for sex, age category, prior vaccination, and month of diagnosis
- Overall and type-specific VE calculated

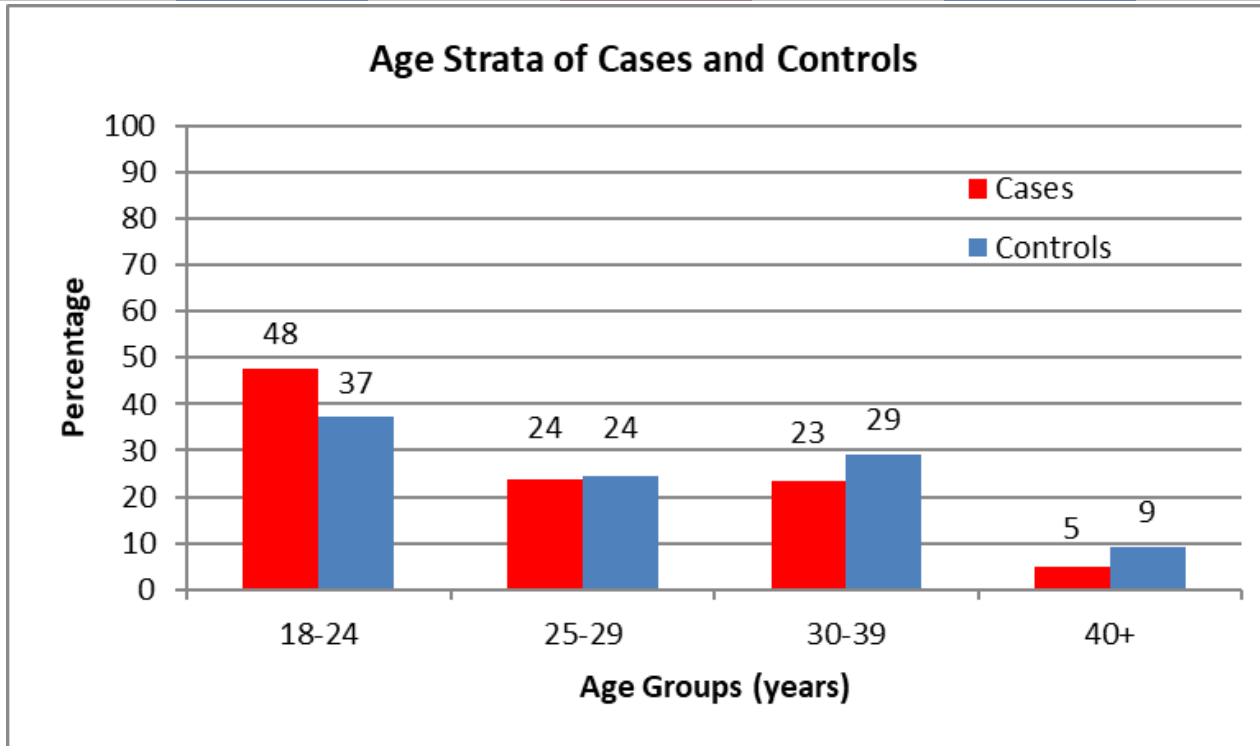


# Service Members: Vaccination Information & Case Subtypes

- Vaccination
  - IIV was the only vaccine type among the study subjects
  - 85% of subjects had prior flu vaccine in previous 5 years
- Cases
  - Influenza A (any subtype) = 1,303
  - Influenza A(H3N2) = 155
  - Influenza A(H1N1) = 1
  - Influenza B = 165



# Service Members: Cases and Controls by Age Group



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# Service Members: Interim VE Estimates 2021-2022

Influenza Type	Vaccination Status	Cases N (%)	Controls N (%)	Crude VE (95% CI)	Adjusted VE (95% CI)*
Any Influenza	Vaccinated	946 (65)	33,851 (69)	<b>18 (9, 27)</b>	<b>36 (28, 44)</b>
	Unvaccinated	513 (35)	14,962 (31)		
Influenza A	Vaccinated	862 (66)	33,851 (69)	<b>14 (3, 23)</b>	<b>33 (24, 41)</b>
	Unvaccinated	441 (34)	14,962 (31)		
A/H3N2	Vaccinated	103 (66)	33,851 (69)	12 (-22, 37)	<b>32 (3, 53)</b>
	Unvaccinated	52 (34)	14,962 (31)		
Influenza B	Vaccinated	87 (53)	33,851 (69)	<b>51 (33, 64)</b>	<b>59 (42, 71)</b>
	Unvaccinated	78 (47)	14,962 (31)		

\*Adjusted for sex, age, and month of diagnosis



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# Service Members: VE Summary

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Among Service Members, the 2021-2022 influenza vaccine provided:

- Low to moderate protection against any influenza (36%), influenza A (33%) and A/H3N2 (32%)
- Moderate protection against influenza B (59%)



# Notes on Vaccine Strain Recommendations

The WHO influenza vaccine strain recommendations for the 2022-2023 Northern Hemisphere season are:

- For the 2022-2023 influenza vaccine A(H1N1) component: A/Victoria/2570/2019-like virus for the egg-based vaccine and A/Wisconsin/588/2019-like virus for the cell- or recombinant-based vaccine

**Based on our 2021-2022 data, we cannot agree or disagree with this recommendation**

- For the 2022-2023 influenza vaccine A(H3N2) component: A/Darwin/9/2021-like virus for the egg-based vaccine and A/Darwin/6/2021-like virus for the cell- or recombinant-based vaccine

**Based on our 2021-2022 genetic and antigenic data, we agree with this recommendation**

- For the 2022-2023 influenza vaccine B/Victoria component: B/Austria/1359417-like virus for the egg-based and cell- or recombinant-based vaccines

**We do not have 2021-2022 data to agree or disagree with this recommendation**

- The above three influenza strains are recommended for the trivalent vaccine, and for the quadrivalent vaccine to include these three in addition to the B/Yamagata component, B/Phuket/3073/2013-like virus for the egg-based and cell- or recombinant-based vaccines

**Based on our 2021-2022 data, we cannot agree or disagree with this recommendation**





# Acknowledgements

## AFHSD

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CAPT Guillermo Pimentel  
CAPT Natalie Wells  
Dr. Angelia Cost  
Mr. Kelvin Blade  
Dr. Kathleen Creppage  
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## NHRC

Dr. Chris Myers  
Dr. Ryan Underwood  
Mr. Roger Pan  
Ms. Erica Duarte

## AFHSB AF Satellite

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Ms. Caroline Smith  
Mr. Jeffrey Thervil  
Mr. Bismark Kwah  
Dr. Wenping Hu  
Ms. Kayla Brown

## USAFSAM

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Dr. Deanna Muehleman  
Mr. William Gruner  
Ms. Carol Garrett  
Mr. James Hanson  
Dr. Anthony Fries  
Dr. Elizabeth Macias  
Ms. Pamela Bentley  
Ms. Denise Kramer  
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Ms. Debby Koontz  
Mr. Don Johnson  
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Omar Nowar  
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Ms. Victoria Espejo  
Mr. Roger Catillo  
Ms. Angélica Espinoza  
Ms. Gladys Carrión  
Mr. Julio Evangelista  
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Dr. Yeny Tinoco

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Mr. Fritz Castillo  
Ms. Jennifer Black  
CPT Cole Anderson



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# Acknowledgements

## Recruit Surveillance Sites

Marine Corps Recruit Depot San Diego  
Marine Corps Recruit Depot Parris Island  
Recruit Training Command Great Lakes  
Fort Leonard Wood  
Fort Benning  
Fort Jackson  
Lackland Air Force Base  
Coast Guard Training Center Cape May

## CDC-California Department of Health Border Infectious Disease Surveillance Sites

Clinica de Salud del Pueblo Brawley  
Clinica de Salud del Pueblo Calexico  
Clinica de Salud del Pueblo El Centro  
San Ysidro Health Center  
Pioneers Memorial Healthcare  
El Centro Regional Medical Center  
Sharp Chula Vista Hospital  
Mexicali General Hospital

## DoD Beneficiary Surveillance Sites

Branch Health Clinic/ Marine Corps Air Station  
Yuma  
Naval Hospital Camp Pendleton  
Captain James A. Lovell Federal Health Care  
Center (Naval Hospital Great Lakes)  
Robert E. Bush Naval Hospital Twenty Nine  
Palms  
Naval Training Center San Diego  
Naval Medical Center San Diego  
Naval Branch Health Clinic Kearny Mesa  
Naval Health Clinic Lemoore  
Naval Hospital Yokosuka  
Naval Branch Health Clinic Naval Base San  
Diego  
Naval Medical Center Portsmouth  
Boone Branch Health Clinic  
Oceana Branch Health Clinic

## Central Public Health Lab, Jordan

Dr. Mohmaud Gazo

## USAMRD-A

Maj Gen (Dr.) Charles Emilio Mwanziva  
Dr. Denis Byarugaba  
Dr. Bernard Erima  
Dr. Hannah Kibuuka  
Dr. Chesodi Kulanga  
Dr. Gerald Misinzo  
Dr. John Waitumbi  
Beth Mutai  
Faith Sigei  
Leah Muthigani  
Jude Ssensamba

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MAJ Sandra Demons  
LTC Stefan Fernandez

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Ms. Winnie Chan  
Dr. Appavu Sundaram



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# Questions?

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