

# Quality Management Maturity Pilots: CDER's Lessons Learned

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### Presentation Outline

- QMM Pilots Objective and FDA Role
- Assessment Process
- Assessment Scoring Approach
  - Assessor Behaviors
    - Operationalizing a QMM Program

### CDER QMM Pilots



- ❖ CDER contracted two 3<sup>rd</sup> party assessors to conduct QMM pilots based on specific objective indicators
- ❖ Assessments should enable:
  - Establishing best practices
  - Cross-sectional comparison against industry peers
  - Quantitative overall rating
- QMM Finished Dosage Form Pilot Program
  - 7 domestic manufacturers
  - Contract awarded to Pacific Force Consulting Group, LLC
  - Completed SEP 2021
- QMM Active Pharmaceutical Ingredient Pilot Program
  - 8 foreign manufacturers
  - Contract awarded to Shabas Solutions, LLC
  - Completed MAR 2022
- ❖ Assessments were conducted virtually due to the ongoing COVID-19 PHE



### FDA's Role

- Participated in the pilot assessments as spectators
  - To observe and learn
  - Provided feedback to 3<sup>rd</sup> party assessors throughout pilots
- Issued follow-up surveys to participating sites
  - Assessment tool
  - Assessment methods
  - Assessment reports
  - General QMM program questions



### **Assessment Process**



### Domestic vs. Foreign Assessment Process

#### **Domestic Pilot**

- Stage I: Self-Assessment Protocol
  - 24 questions
- Stage II: Follow-up Questions
- Six QMM Program Areas:
  - > Leadership and Governance
  - Operations
  - Continual Improvement
  - Stakeholder Engagement and Satisfaction
  - Knowledge Management
  - Workforce Engagement

#### **Foreign Pilot**

- Facilitated Virtual Assessment
  - 15 practice areas
  - 66 questions
  - Ability to upload evidence
- Four QMM Pillars:
  - > Sustainability
  - Risk Management
  - Compliance
  - Quality Culture



### Key Learnings: Assessment Process

#### **PREPARATION**

- Need a one-pager or prep meeting on process and expected outcomes prior to kickoff
- Providing questions and guidance was beneficial (foreign pilot)
  - Should be sent sooner than two weeks in advance
- Need examples of evidence

#### **TIMING**

- Strict time limit per question was not effective
  - Should be more dynamic





### Key Learnings: Assessment Process

#### **ASSESSMENT QUESTIONS**

- Standardize Assessment Approach for:
  - Documentation Level for Assessors
  - Verifiable Objective Evidence
  - Attributing scores for elements that cannot be scored (e.g., missing data)
- Optimize topic areas, number of questions, and complexity of levels
  - Group foundational corporate questions and site questions
  - Content duplication across different topic areas (e.g., QRM)
  - Consider sector-specific questions
- Minimize jargon





### Key Learnings: Assessment Process

#### **DISCUSSION**

- Interactive assessments allowed for deeper dive (foreign pilot)
- Need guidelines for site presentations
- Speak with management and staff separately
- Assessments went smoother when coordinated to have the right site staff in the room for specific topic areas





### Assessment Scoring Approach

Level 1: Level 2: Developmental

Level 3: Defined Level 4: Managed

Level 5: Optimized



### Domestic Pilot Scoring

- Consider self-assessment scores, virtual assessment notes, evidence
- Apply level definitions and ADLI+R Dimensions: Approach, Deployment, Learning, Integration + Results
- Select % score with level range
- Consensus Process for disagreements >15%

	Some beneficial or mixed performance levels are shown, some adverse trends are evident. (k)
Level 2 30%, 35%, 40%, or 45%	An effective, systematic approach of some key processes is evident. (A)
	The approach is deployed, although some areas or work units are in early stages of deployment. (D)
	The beginning of a systematic approach to evaluation and improvement of key processes is evident. (L)
	Approaches are in the early stages of alignment with basic organizational needs; most serve to support processes. (I)
	Performance levels are provided, only some show beneficial trends. Beginning comparative data provided. (R)
	- An offsetive systematic approach of many processes is suident (A)

## Example Domestic Site Report



		Site Self-Assessment	<b>PFG Assessment</b>
Item	Attribute	Score	Score
1.1	Management Commitment	4	4
	Management Reviews,		
<b>1.2</b> a	Oversight, and Monitoring	3	3
	Management Reviews,		
1.2b	Oversight, and Monitoring	3	3
1.3	Internal Communications	3	4
	Business Excellence and		
1.4	Societal Contribution	3	3
2.1	Customer/Patient Focus	2	3
	Stakeholder Feedback and		
<b>2.2</b> a	Engagement	3	3
	Stakeholder Feedback and		
2.2b	Engagement	3	3
	Process Performance and		
3.1a	Product Quality Monitoring	3	4



# Foreign Pilot Scoring



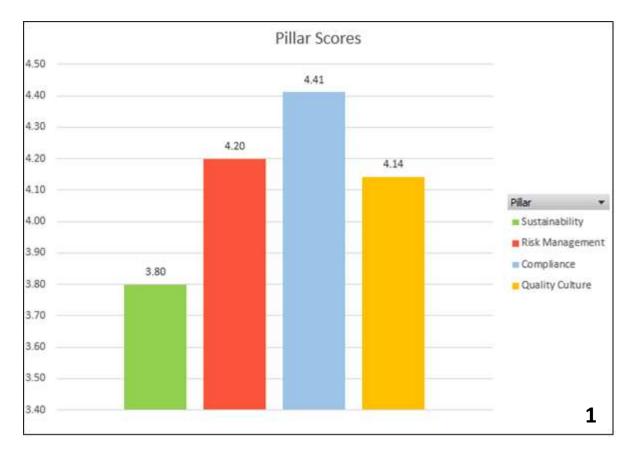
Numeric Scores
Assigned to
Assessment Question
Responses

Tabulated to form Topic Score Sum of Topic Scores for all Topics within a Practice Area

Practice Area
Scores within
each Pillar
rolled to give
an Overall
Pillar Score

Overall QMM
Score
Calculated
based on all
Pillar Scores

# Example Foreign Site Report



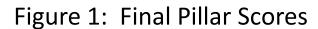
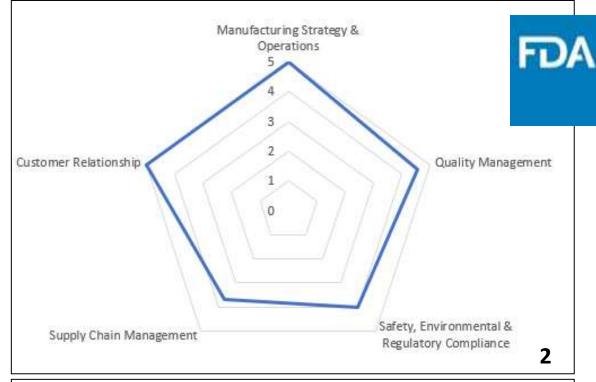
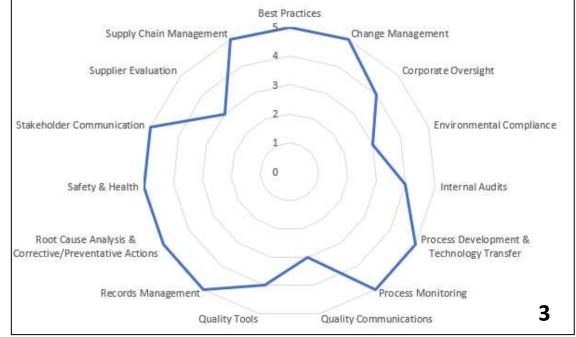


Figure 2: Scores by Topic for Compliance

Figure 3: Scores by Practice Areas for Compliance







### Key Learnings: Scoring

- Objective criteria that can discern between levels is critical
  - Multiple assessors are needed per assessment
  - Need objective approach for managing conflicting scores to reduce bias
- Substantiate responses through supporting documentation
  - Need to define appropriate examples of evidence





### Assessor Behaviors



### Key Learnings: Assessor Behaviors

- Making sites feel comfortable is an art but best practices were identified
- Seize opportunity
  - Ask follow-up questions
  - Substantiate through evidence collection
- Avoid leading or Yes/No follow-up questions where open-ended would be better
- Don't ask questions that were previously answered during another question
- Minimize lecturing and opining
- Avoid tangents due to curiosity
- Understand the audience
  - Confusing when questions asked in quick succession or changed
  - Consider level of employee



### Feedback From Pilot Participants

- Some questions were compound and complex, making it hard to understand.
- Helped sites identify strengths and weaknesses.
- Some topic areas have not been considered previously and were brought forward during assessment.
- ❖ Beneficial to continuous improvement program. Helps them to reflect on where they are and where they need to go.
- Appreciate the input and challenge to their systems. While they have many audits, the QMM pilot looked holistically at the big picture and pulled it all together.



# Operationalizing a QMM Program

- **Executed by FDA or 3<sup>rd</sup> Party**
- Executed virtually or on site
- Incentives to promote voluntary participation
- Reassessment period
- Assigning a final rating
  - Considering assessment scores plus other factors



### In Summary

- Pilots provided insight into the design and implementation of a future QMM assessment protocol
- Stakeholder engagement highlighted additional program considerations
- Overall sentiment on the program is positive!

