Classification Overview

FDA Small Business Regulatory Education for Industry (REdI)

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Learning Objectives

- Understand the history and terminology associated with device classification
- Identify and describe the three classes of devices
- Describe general controls and special controls
- Search the product classification database

Classification History

May 28, 1976 - Medical Device Amendments

- Section 201(h) of Federal Food, Drug & Cosmetic Act (FD&C Act)
 - Provides definition of a medical device
- FDA classification panels conducted initial classification of preamendments medical devices, i.e., Class I, II, III
- Initial classification completed in mid-1980s

A medical device is...

Section 201(h) of the FDCA defines a medical device as any product that does not achieve its purposes by chemical action or metabolization.

- As simple as a tongue depressor
- As complex as robotic surgery devices

What is a **Preamendments Device?**

- In commercial distribution <u>before</u> May 28, 1976
- Preamendments Class III devices require premarket approval (PMA) <u>after</u> FDA publishes regulation in the *Federal Register* (FR)
- Preamendments Class III devices may require premarket notification [510(k)], i.e., until FDA publishes a regulation

What is a **Postamendments Device?**

- First distributed commercially on or after May 28, 1976
- Automatically classified as Class III PMA, until FDA publishes a regulation
- Equivalent requirements to preamendments
 Class III devices, e.g., PMA or 510(k)

What is a Transitional Device?

- Regulated as new drug before May 28, 1976, e.g., intraocular lenses
- Any Class III transitional device now regulated as a PMA
- FDA application number begins with letter "N"
- Some have been downclassified to Class II

Is my Product a Device?

- If unable to determine if product meets the definition of a medical device, may seek FDA advice.
- Contact CDRH Office of Compliance by email at: <u>DeviceDetermination@fda.hhs.gov</u>
- Provide product description, draft labeling, and intended use

Classification "Terms"

Classified

- Formally classified by FDA classification panel or FDA,
- Example: 21 CFR 880.2910 Clinical electronic thermometer
- Class II 510(k)

Un-classified

 Preamendments device pending formal classification with regulation, i.e., Class III 510(k)

Not Classified

- Postamendments device under application review

Device Classification

- Classification determines extent of regulatory control (risk-based)
- Regulatory Control increases from Class I to III
- Medical Specialty, e.g., cardiovascular
- Product Codes

Device Classification

- 1700 generic groups of devices
- Classified within 16 medical specialties
 - 21 CFR 862-892
 - = Chemistry/Toxicology
 - = Hematology/Pathology
 - = Immunology/Microbiology
 - = Anesthesiology
 - = Cardiovascular
 - = Dental
 - = Ear, Nose and Throat
 - = Gastro/Urology

- = General Plastic Surgery
- = General Hospital
- = Neurological
- = Obstetrical/Gynecological
- 886 = Ophthalmic
- 888 = Orthopedic
- = Physical Medicine
- = Radiology

Classification System Risk Categorization

Class I

~780

Low Risk

General Controls

Class II

~800

Moderate Risk

General Controls and

Special Controls

Class III

~120

High Risk

- General Controls and
- Premarket Approval

General Controls

- Adulteration/Misbranding
- Electronic Establishment Registration
- Electronic Device Listing
- Premarket Notification [510(k)]
- Quality Systems
- Labeling
- Medical Device Reporting (MDR)

Special Controls

- Guidelines (e.g., Glove Manual)
- Mandatory Performance Standard
- Recommendations or Other Actions
- Special Labeling

example: 21 CFR 882.5970, Cranial Orthosis

Class I – General Controls

 Level of Device Risk may be sufficiently managed by least amount of regulatory control

- Device Examples
 - adhesive bandage
 - I.V. stand
 - sunglasses

Class I – General Controls

Examples of General Controls

- Establishment Registration and Listing
- Quality System Regulations
- Labeling
- Premarket Notification [510(k)], unless exempt

Class II – Special Controls

- General controls alone are insufficient to assure safety and effectiveness
- Device Examples:
 - syringe, surgical mask, powered wheelchair
- Special Controls
 - special labeling
 - mandatory performance standard
 - guidelines

Class III – Premarket Approval (PMA)

- Insufficient information exist to assure S&E solely through general or special controls
- Device Examples
 - heart valves, implantable neuromuscular stimulator
- Class III is the most stringent category
- Support or sustain human life

Classification of New Devices

- "New" means that the device has not previously been classified
- By default, these devices are classified into Class III and require PMA approval, regardless of risk
- Regulatory burden may exceed what is necessary
- Potential Option: de novo

Classification of New Devices: de novo

de novo is a classification process:

- using a risk-based strategy
- for new, novel devices whose type has not previously been classified
- would be classified into Class III
- to classify into Class I or II

After de novo is granted

New Device is Legally Marketed

 Subject to post-market requirements applicable to that device and class (including general controls, special controls as applicable)

New Device Establishes New Classification

- The subject device is eligible to serve as a predicate for new medical devices, where appropriate [510(k) process]
- New "device type" along with classification, regulation, class (either Class I or II), necessary controls and product code
- FDA publishes order announcing new classification, controls

Why is Classification Important to You?

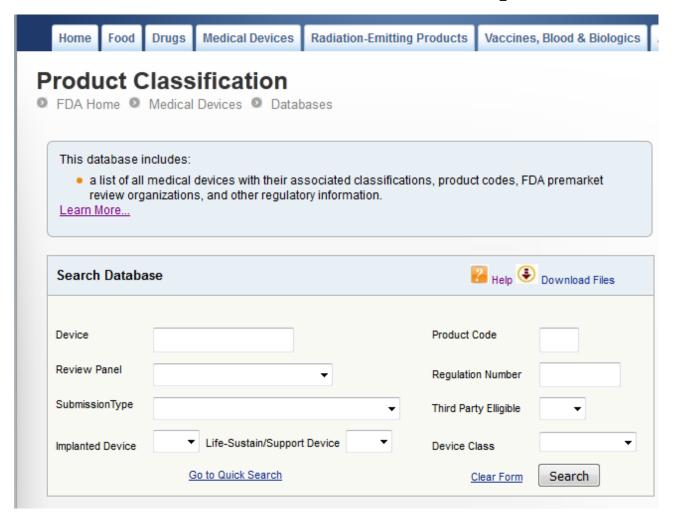
- How to classify your device?
 - regulation number
 - classification database or device panel
 - product code
 - http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cf docs/cfpcd/classification.cfm

Product Classification Database

http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfPCD/PCDSimpleSearch.cfm



Advanced Search Options



Syringe, Piston

- Device Name
- Medical Specialty
- > Product Code
- Premarket Review Office
- Submission Type

New Search Back To Search Results Device Syringe, Piston Regulation Description Piston syringe. Regulation Medical Specialty General Hospital Review Panel General Hospital **Product Code FMF** Premarket Review Office of Device Evaluation (ODE) Division of Anesthesiology, General Hospital, Infection Control, and Dental Devices (DAGRID) General Hospital Devices Branch (GHDB) Submission Type 510(k) Regulation Number 880.5860 Device Class Total Product Life Cycle (TPLC) TPLC Product Code Report GMP Exempt? Recognized Consensus Standards ISO 26825 First edition 2008-08-15 Anaesthetic and respiratory equipment - User-applied labels for syringes containing drugs used during anaesthesia - Colours, design and performance ISO 7886-1 First edition 1993-10-01 Sterile hypodermic syringes for single use - Part 1: Syringes for manual use [Including: Technical Corrigendum 1 (1995)] ISO 23908 First edition 2011-06-11 Sharps injury protection - Requirements and test methods - Sharps protection features for single-use hypodermic needles, introducers for catheters and needles used for blood sampling

Regulation Number

Device Class

Recognized Consensus **Standards**

Guidance Document

Guidance on the Content of Premarket Notification [510(K)] Submissions for Piston Syringes

Implanted Device? Life-Sustain/Support Device? No

Third Party Review

Guidance Document

Eligible for Accredited Persons Program

Accredited Persons

- Bsi Healthcare
- Center For Measurement Standards Of Industrial
- Dekra Certification B.v.
- Regulatory Technology Services, Llc
- Third Party Review Group, Llc
- Tuv Sud America Inc.

21 CFR Parts 800 - 1299

a) Identification:

- intended use
- technological characteristics

b) Classification:

- intended use/indications for use
- technological characteristics

Regulations and Product Codes

Regulation Number: 880.5780

- a)(1) Medical support stocking to *prevent the pooling of blood in the legs*.
 - 2) Class II and requires 510(k).
 - Product code <u>DWL</u>
- b)(1) Medical support stocking for *general medical purposes*.
 - 2) Class I and is exempt from 510(k).
 - Product code <u>FLL</u>

How is My Device Classified?

- CDRH provides non-binding, informal advice on device classification and regulatory requirements.
- Section 513(g) submission to CDRH
- 60 day review cycle
- FY16 User Fee:
 - standard: \$3529; small business: \$1,765
- 513(g) guidance document:
 http://www.fda.gov/medicaldevices/deviceregulationandg
 uidance/guidancedocuments/ucm209841.htm

Summary

- Terminology of device classification will assist in proper classification
- Correct classification of your device will outline the regulatory requirements
- Complying with general and special controls will assure timely review decisions and compliance
- Proper search of the product classification database will achieve successful results

Industry Education Resources

Three Resources

1. CDRH Learn – Multi-Media Industry Education

- over 80 modules
- videos, audio recordings, power point presentations, software-based "how to" modules
- mobile-friendly: access CDRH Learn on your portable devices

http://www.fda.gov/Training/CDRHLearn

2. Device Advice – Text-Based Education

comprehensive regulatory information on premarket and postmarket topics
 http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/DeviceRegulationandGuidance

3. Division of Industry and Consumer Education (DICE)

- Contact DICE if you have a question
- Email: <u>DICE@fda.hhs.gov</u>
- Phone: 1(800) 638-2014 or (301) 796-7100 (Hours: 9 am-12:30 pm; 1 pm-4:30pm EST)
- Web: http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/DeviceRegulationandGuidance/ContactUs--DivisionofIndustryandConsumerEducation/default.htm

Questions?

Please complete the session survey:

surveymonkey.com/r/DEV-D1S2